Creating an iCON 60 gps GNSS GSM Network Rover Profile and Connecting to a GNSS Network Data Correction Service Using MicroSurvey Layout



Introduction

This guide describes how to create a GNSS GSM network rover profile for your iCON gps 60 GNSS receiver.

After creating this profile, you will be able to connect to your Internet GNSS data correction service, achieve a solution, and start measuring.

Important Note: You only need to create a particular profile once. After that Layout will preserve and use this already-created profile. You are also welcome to create more profiles such as for a UHF radio GNSS profile, but for this guide we explain how to create a GSM Network GNSS profile.

Current Version

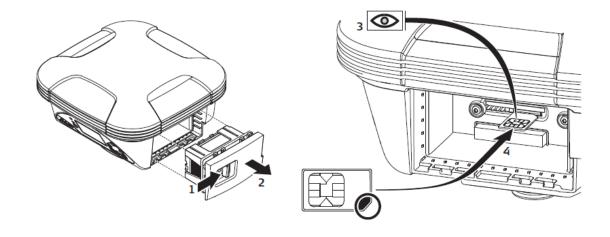
This guide was written using Layout Version 1.0.5.11 installed on a Getac PS236 with Windows Mobile 6.1 installed. If you are using a different version, your screens may look differently than what is displayed in this guide.

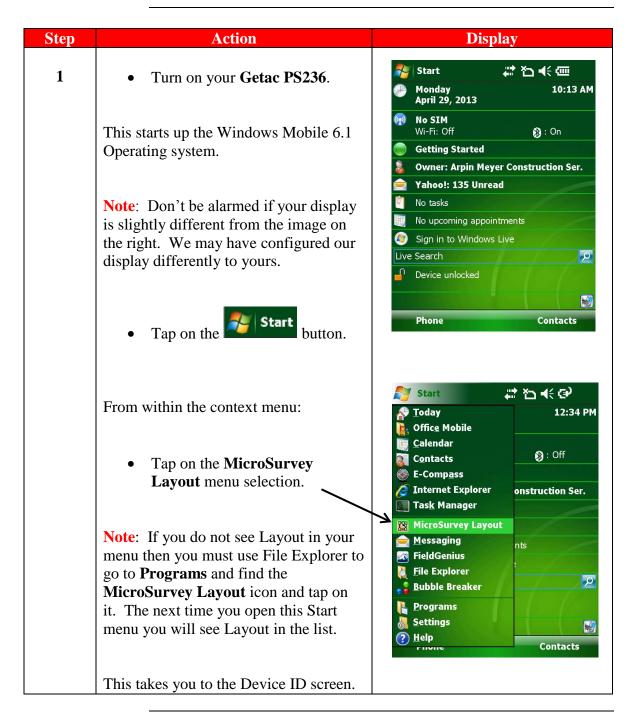
Before you begin

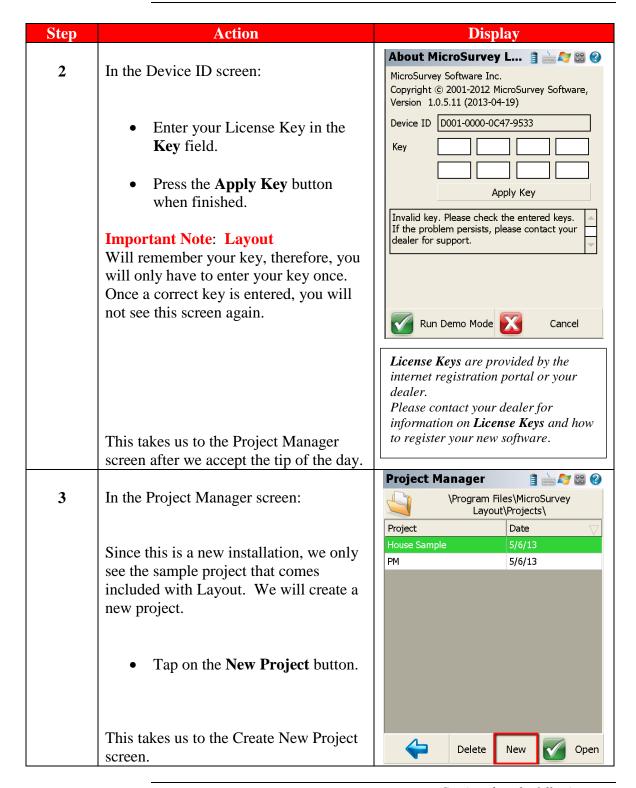
Have your iCON gps 60 receiver with a SIM card inserted, and your data collector with Layout installed nearby. You will need them to complete this guide.

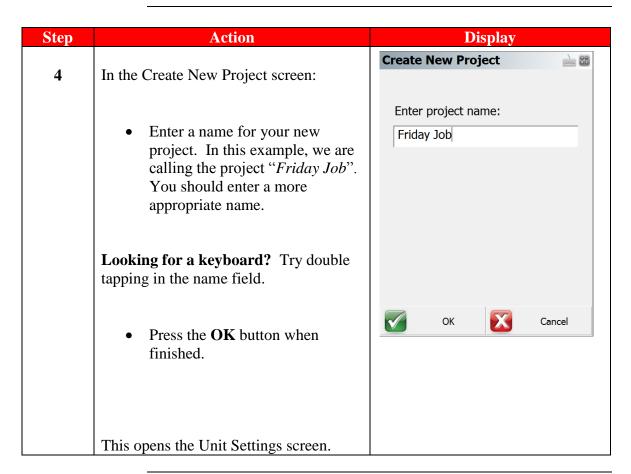
Inserting SIM Card

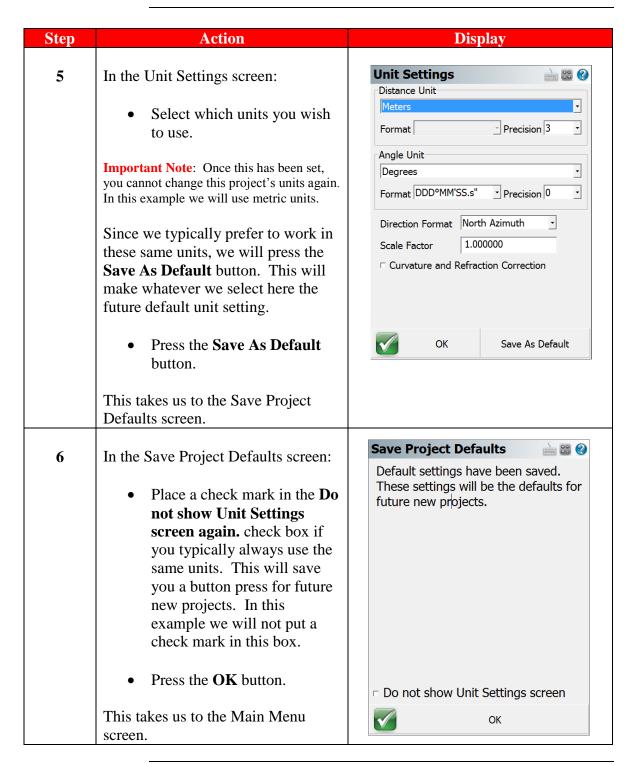
To connect up to a GNSS data service, you will need to access the Internet. Your iCON gps 60 comes with an internal GSM phone modem and we will use that to connect to the Internet. You will need to acquire a SIM card from your local internet phone provider. The image below describes how to insert the SIM card into the receiver.

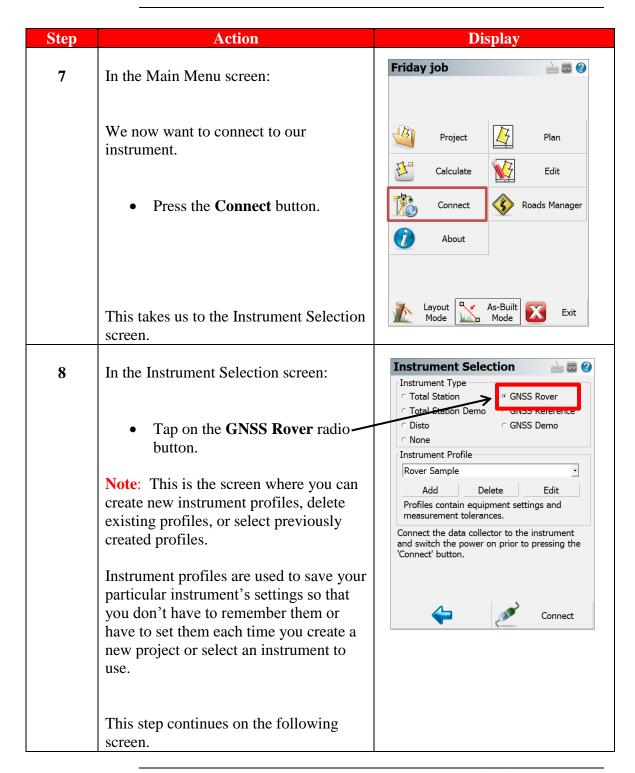


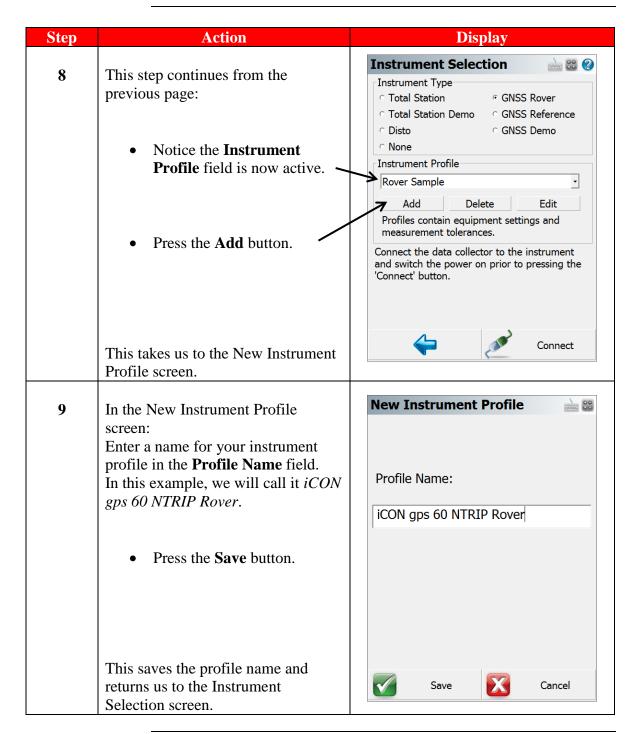


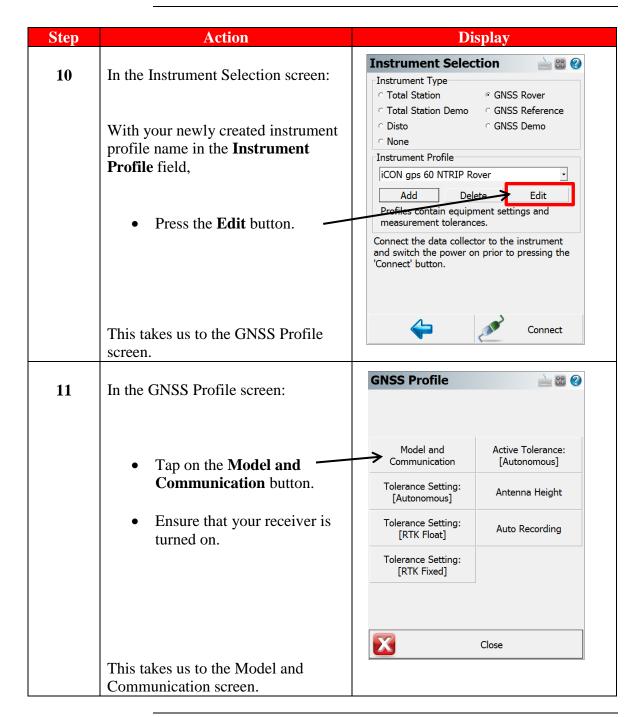


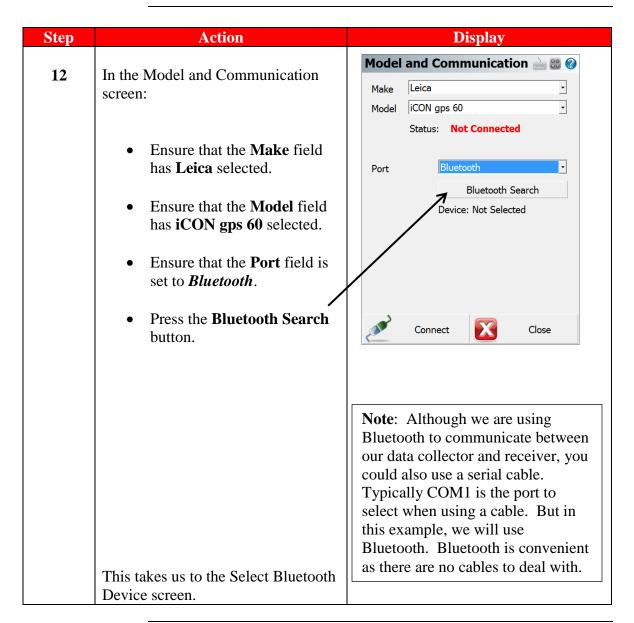


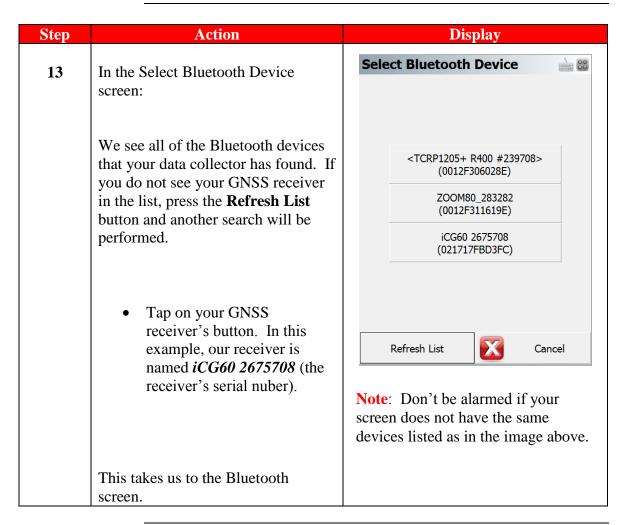


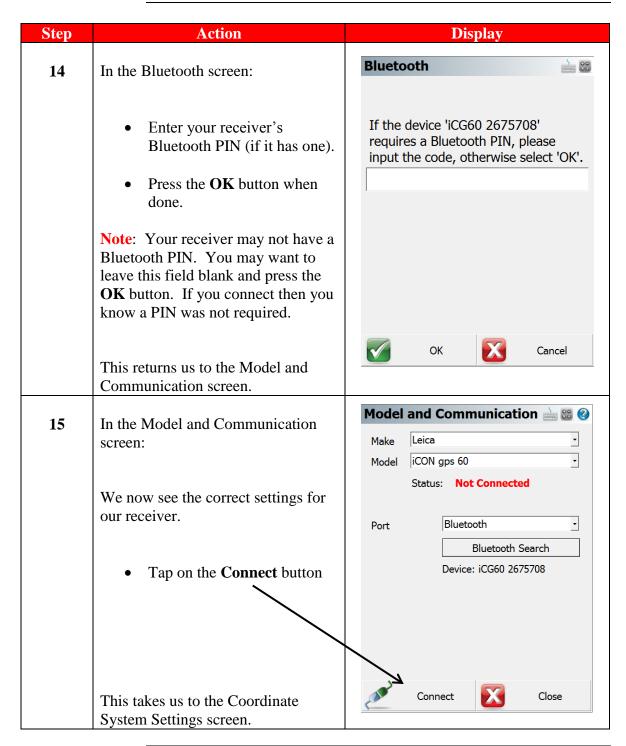


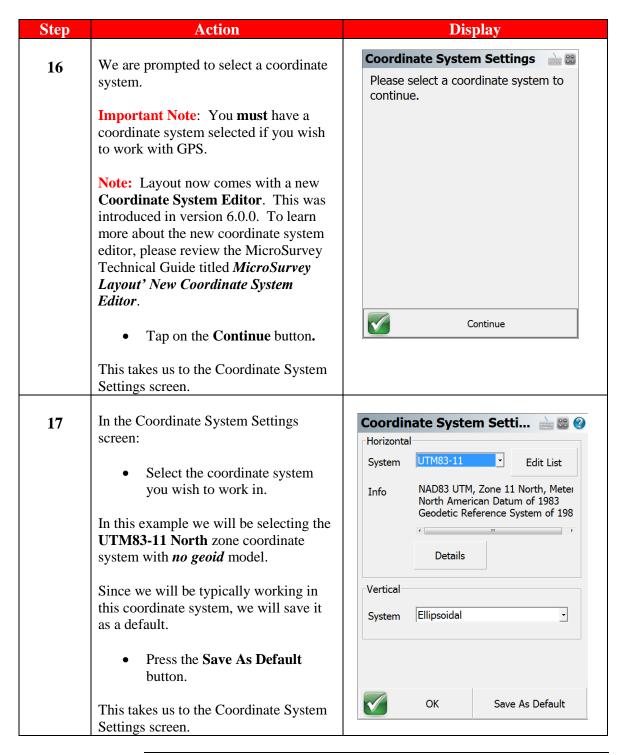


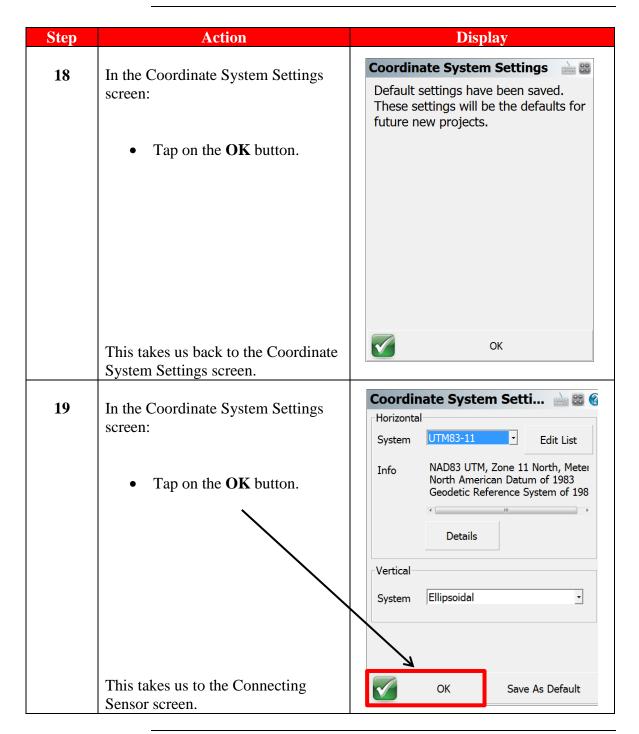


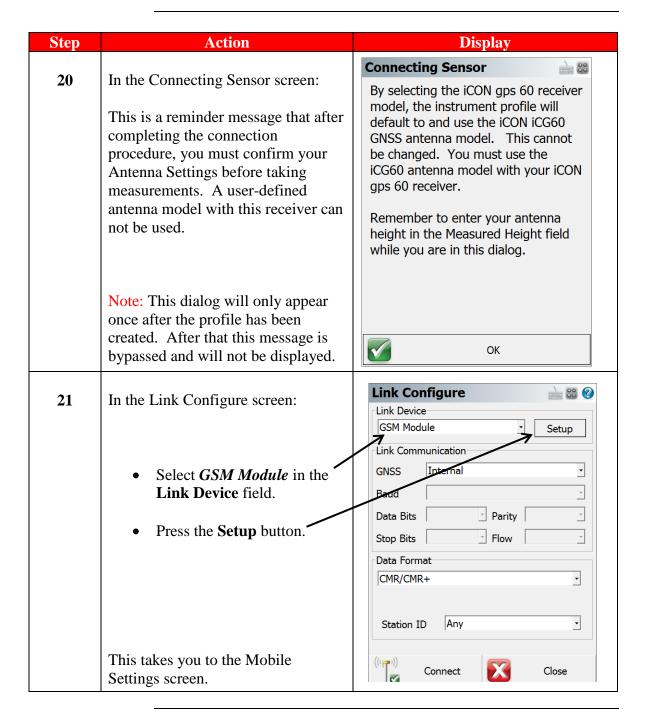








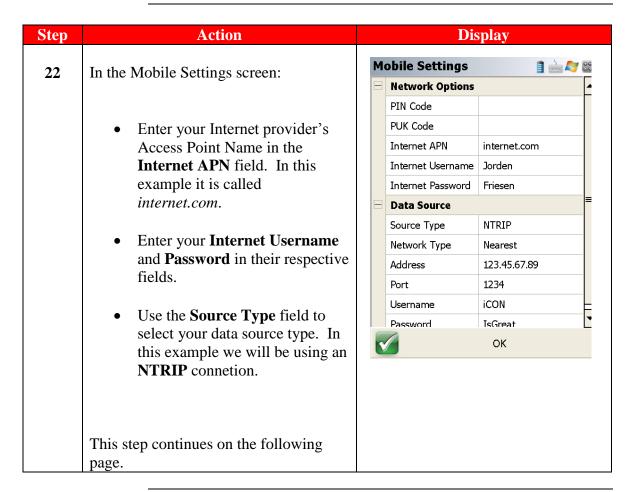


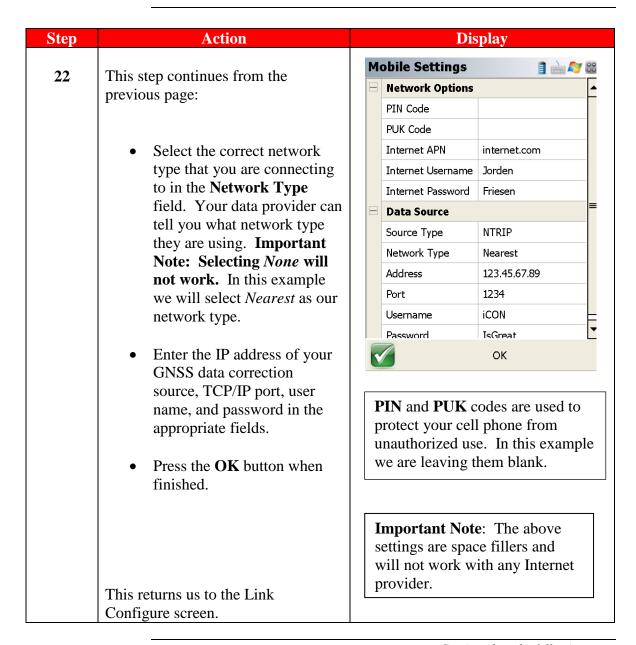


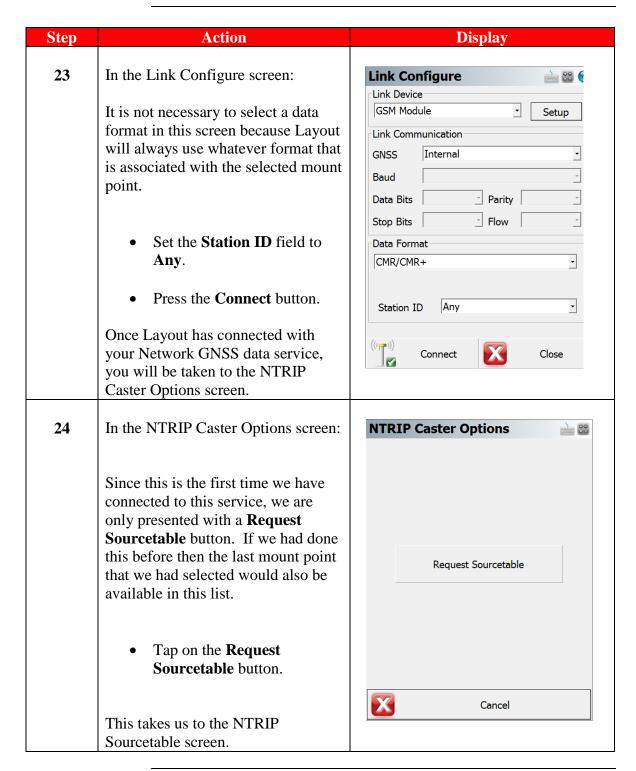
Network vs. NTRIP

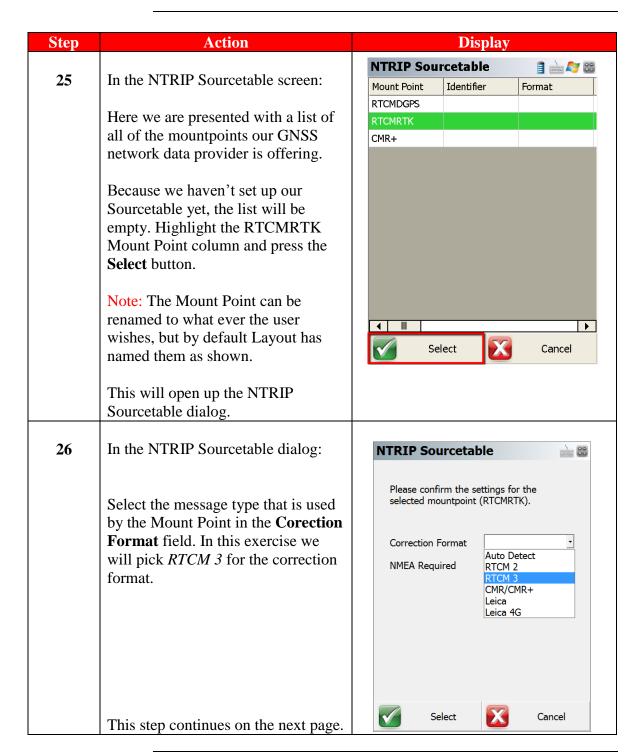
In the **Source Type** field, you have a choice between *NTRIP* or *Network*. [**Note**: You must tap on the field to activate the context menu to see the choices.]

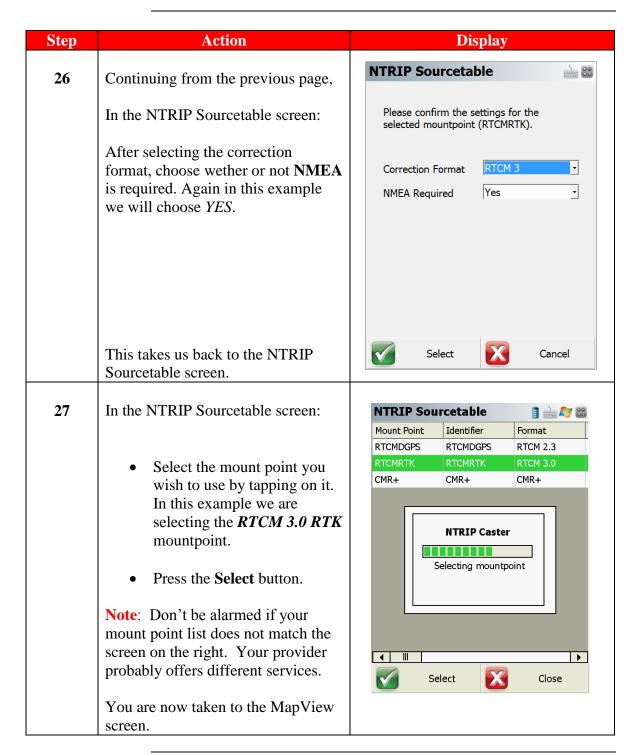
When using a data provider that uses an NTRIP connection, select **NTRIP**. If the data provider does not use NTRIP, then select **Network**. You should confirm with your data provider if they are using NTRIP or not.





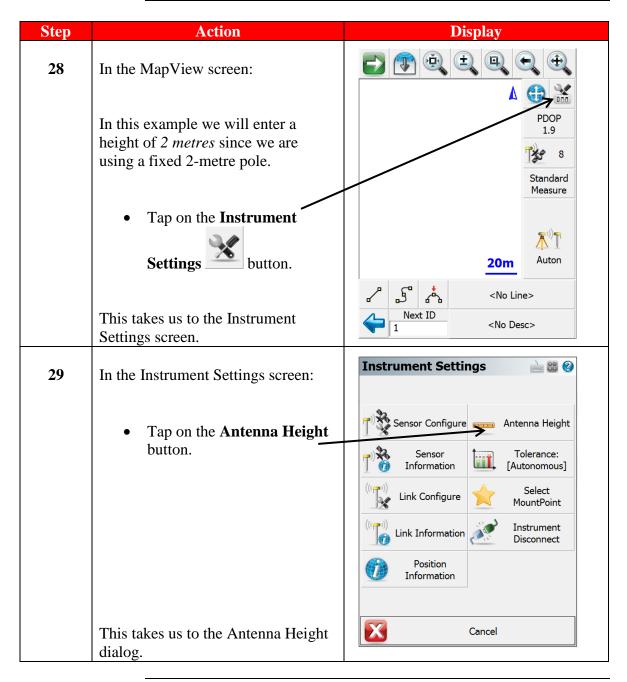


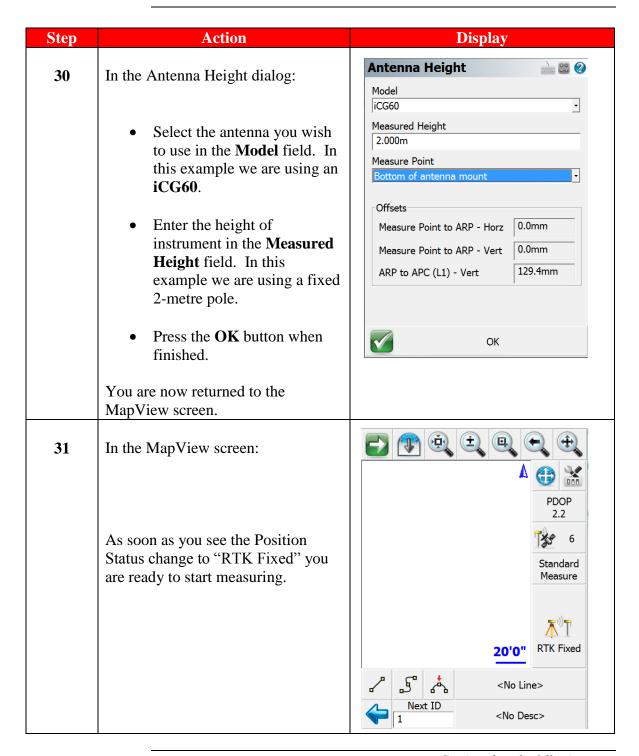




Correct Antenna

It is wise to ensure that you have the correct antenna height entered and proper antenna model selected before measuring with GPS.





Congratulations

You have successfully created a GNSS network rover profile.

You then made a connection to your GNSS receiver via Bluetooth.

From there you connected to your GNSS network correction provider and started receiving network data.

You then entered the correct antenna height and selected the correct antenna model and are ready to start measuring.

Remember, Layout will preserve these settings in your instrument profile. You only have to create this profile once. In other words, you don't have to follow these steps each and every time you want to survey using the GNSS receiver and the Internet.

Glossary

GNSS – Global Positioning System

ISP – Internet Service Provider

PIN – Personal Identification Number

PUK – PIN Unlocked Key

GSM – Global System for Mobile Communications

CDMA – Code Division Multiple Access

ISP - Internet Service Provider

NTRIP – Networked Transport of RTCM via Internet Protocol NTRIP Caster – an HTTP server that accepts request-messages on a single port and then decides where there is streaming data to receive or to send. The caster offers a list of mountpoints that is called a

source list or source table.

HTTP: Hypertext Transfer Protocol

SIM - Subscriber Identity Module

RTCM - Radio Technical Commision for Martitime

RTK – Real Time Kinematic